

CLASS X (2020-21)
ENGLISH (CODE 0184)
SAMPLE PAPER-03

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions :

- (i) This paper is divided into two parts: A and B. All questions are compulsory.
 - (ii) Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
 - (iii) Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.
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PART - A (40 MARKS)

READING

[20 Marks]

Q1. Read the passage given below.

[10 Marks]

Man does not Live by food alone. Water is vital to human health and fitness. Although it is not a nutrient per se as are carbohydrates, fats, proteins, vitamins and minerals. It, in fact, is a key nutrient as no life is possible without it. Whereas we can do for weeks without food, we cannot live without water longer than a couple of days.

Water approximates 60 per cent of the body weight of human adults. The total amount of water in a man weighing 70 kilograms is approximately a little over 40 litres. It is an excellent solvent—more substances are soluble in water than in any other liquid known so far. This makes it an ideal constituent of the body fluids which sustain life supporting chemical reactions. It dissolves varied products of digestion and transports them to the rest of the body. Likewise, it dissolves diverse metabolic wastes and helps drain them out of the body. Besides, it performs a variety of functions—some well known and well understood while others not so well appreciated yet vital. The no less important role of water is to distribute/dissipate the body heat efficiently, thereby regulating body's temperature. Water accomplishes this role ideally because it has high thermal conductivity ensuring rapid heat transfer from one part to the other.

Above all, water has a high-specific heat, implying that it takes a lot of heat to raise the temperature of water and likewise much heat must be lost to lower its temperature.

Drinking a lot of water is an inexpensive way to stay healthy. Even excess of water is harmless. Water therapy— drinking a litre or so the first thing in the morning is kidney-friendly.

The water regulation in the body is affected by hypothalamus in two ways i.e., (i) by creating the sensation of thirst which makes us drink water and (ii) by controlling the excretion of water as urine. If water regulation fails, medical emergency ensues.

On the basis of your understanding of the passage, answer ANY TEN questions from the twelve that follow.

[1 × 10 = 10 Marks]

- (a)** Water is vital to human health and fitness because:
- (i) man does not live by food alone
 - (ii) it is an excellent solvent
 - (iii) we cannot survive for more than a couple of days without it
 - (iv) it controls thirst and excretion of water as urine

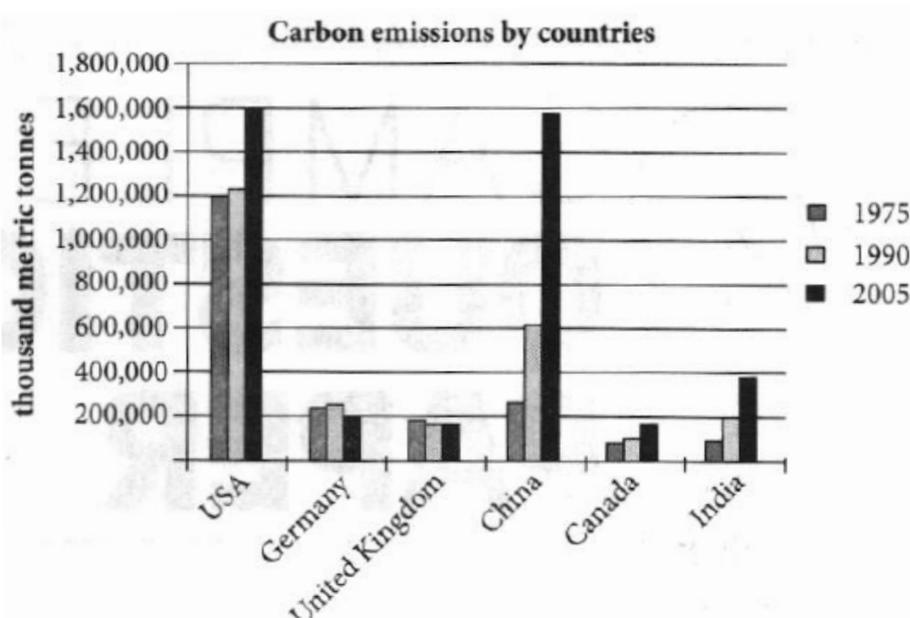
- (b) Water is called a key nutrient because:
- it dissolves different products of digestion
 - no life is possible without it
 - it carries products to the rest of the body
 - it raises temperature of the body
- (c) Water is an ideal constituent of the body fluids because:
- it is an excellent solvent
 - it dissolves metabolic wastes
 - it drains wastes out of the body
 - it regulates excretion of urine
- (d) Water regulates body temperature efficiently as:
- it circulates easily
 - it has high-specific heat
 - it dissolves food easily
 - it has high thermal conductivity
- (e) What does the author mean when he uses the word 'regulation' in the last para?
- Official rule
 - Control
 - Device for fair use
 - Worn or used as per rules
- (f) Which component is an inexpensive way to stay healthy?
- Water
 - Minerals
 - Vitamins
 - Proteins
- (g) Which of the following statements is not true?
- Water regulates body temperature
 - Excess water is not harmless
 - Excess water is not harmful
 - Water transports nutrients to the body
- (h) Which activity is considered as water therapy?
- Its high thermal conductivity ensuring rapid heat transfer from one part to another
 - Drinking a litre of water in the morning
 - Drinking excess quantity of water
 - All of the above
- (i) What is the per cent of water content in a human body?
- 60%
 - 40%
 - 80%
 - 70%
- (j) Which word in para 2 conveys the opposite of 'similar'?
- Dissipate
 - Ideal
 - Accomplished
 - Diverse
- (k) Which word in para 4 is a synonym or undamaging'?
- Excess
 - Harmless
 - Therapy
 - Friendly
- (l) Which word in para 2 is a synonym of 'maintain'?
- Supporting
 - Sustain
 - Diverse
 - Varied

Q2. **Read the passage given below.**

[10 Marks]

The chart below gives information about the amount of carbon emissions in different countries during three different years.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The bar chart compares the emission of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere of six countries, including two of them coming from emerging nations, for three decades starting from 1975 until 2005.

As an overall assessment, it can clearly be seen that only Germany and United Kingdom managed to reduce the carbon emissions compared to the other countries.

USA, being the number one polluter of all, emitted 1,200,000 thousand metric tonnes in 1975 and this count increased to 1,300,000 and 1,600,000 thousand metric tonnes in 1990 and 2005 respectively. In contrast, the carbon emissions of China was nearly 300,000 thousand metric tonnes in 1975 and it rose by nearly 100% in 1990 and surged dramatically to just below 1,600,000 thousand metric tonnes in 2005. In terms of the percentage increase, China was the largest contributor in carbon emissions of all.

The figures for Germany and the United Kingdom remained relatively stable throughout the period of time, and so were for Canada until 1990. The carbon dioxide emissions in India increased exponentially from around 100,000 in 1975 to just below 400,000 thousand metric tonnes in 2005.

On the basis of your understanding of the passage, answer ANY TEN questions from the twelve that follow.

[1 × 10 = 10 Marks]

- (a) The given data compares the amount of emission of:
- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (i) carbon dioxide | (ii) oxygen |
| (iii) nitrogen | (iv) None of these |
- (b) In terms of the percentage increase, which country was the largest contributor in carbon emissions of all in year 2005?
- | | |
|-------------|------------------------|
| (i) China | (ii) USA |
| (iii) India | (iv) Both (i) and (ii) |
- (c) Which country is the most polluter country?
- | | |
|-------------|------------------------|
| (i) China | (ii) USA |
| (iii) India | (iv) Both (i) and (ii) |
- (d) What do you think can be the reason for surging of CO₂ emission in million tonnes?
- (i) Fast paced industrialisation
 - (ii) Lack of sustainable development
 - (iii) The urge to become world's top powerful economies
 - (iv) All of the above

- (e) Which country has the lowest emission of CO₂ in the graph?
 (i) Germany (ii) United Kingdom
 (iii) Canada (iv) India
- (f) Which country has observed a dramatic rise over its years in CO₂ emission?
 (i) China (ii) USA
 (iii) India (iv) Both (i) and (ii)
- (g) Which country had the same level of CO₂ emission in the first and the second decade?
 (i) Germany (ii) Canada
 (iii) Both (i) and (ii) (iv) None of these
- (h) What is the highest quantity unit of global emission of CO₂ by different countries?
 (i) 1,600,000 (ii) 1,570,000
 (iii) 1,300,000 (iv) None of these
- (i) Which country had the minimum CO₂ emission during 1975?
 (i) Germany (ii) The United Kingdom
 (iii) China (iv) India
- (j) Which countries reported gradual growth in reduction of global CO₂ emission?
 (i) Germany and India (ii) USA and China
 (iii) The United Kingdom and USA (iv) Germany and The United Kingdom
- (k) Which of the following statements is true?
 (i) The countries have achieved meteoric rise in CO₂ emission
 (ii) The countries have not been able to reduce their CO₂ emission significantly
 (iii) USA seems to leave behind China in coming years
 (iv) Both (i) and (ii)
- (l) Which country has been the major polluter in these three decades?
 (i) USA (ii) India
 (iii) China (iv) Both (i) and (ii)

LITERATURE**[10 Marks]**

- Q3. **Read the extracts given below and attempt ANY ONE, by answering the questions that follow.** **[1 × 5 = 5 Marks]**

As for Maddie, this business of asking Wanda every day how many dresses and how many hats, and how many this and that she had was bothering her. Maddie was poor herself. She usually wore somebody's hand-me-down clothes. Thanks goodness, she didn't live up on Boggins Heights or have any funny name.

- (a) In what ways was Maddie different from Wanda?
 (i) She did not live in Boggins Heights
 (ii) She did not have a funny name
 (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
 (iv) Maddie was not as poor as Wanda
- (b) Who started the business of (asking about) dresses, hats and other things?
 (i) Maddie (ii) Peggy
 (iii) Maddie and Peggy (iv) Wanda
- (c) In the line, 'she had was bothering her', who does 'her' here refer to?
 (i) Maddie (ii) Wanda
 (iii) Peggy (iv) Both (i) and (ii)

- (d) Why was Maddie unhappy?
 (i) She was called out by funny names
 (ii) She had to wear hand-me-down clothes
 (iii) She was poor
 (iv) She didn't like to see the way Peggy teased Wanda
- (e) Which word in the passage means 'disturbing'?
 (i) Goodness (ii) Bothering
 (iii) Business (iv) Hand-me-down

OR

'Her first journey—what careful, painstaking, elaborate plans she had to make for it! She had thriftily saved whatever stray coins come her way, resisting every temptation to buy peppermints, toys, balloons and the like, finally she had saved a total of sixty paise. How difficult it had been, particularly that day at the village fair, but she had resolutely stifled a strong desire to ride the merry-go-round, even though she had the money.

- (a) From which chapter has this extract been taken?
 (i) Madam Rides the Bus (ii) Bholi
 (iii) The Hundred Dresses-II (iv) From the Diary of Anne Frank
- (b) Why had 'she' in the passage saved sixty paise?
 (i) For her strong desire to ride merry-go-round
 (ii) For every temptation of peppermint, toys and balloons
 (iii) For enjoying the village fair
 (iv) For riding on the bus
- (c) What does 'it' refer to in 'how difficult it had been'?
 (i) For the painstaking plan
 (ii) For the resistance from her temptations and desire
 (iii) For going to the village fair
 (iv) For saving the money
- (d) How did 'she' manage to save money?
 (i) By saving every coin she received or was left spare with her
 (ii) By not enjoying the rides in the fair
 (iii) By resisting all the favourite things in the fair
 (iv) All of the above
- (e) Which word in the passage means 'not being extravagant'?
 (i) Painstaking (ii) Elaborate
 (iii) Stifled (iv) Thriftily

Q4. Read the extracts given below and attempt ANY ONE, by answering the questions that follow. [1 × 5 = 5 Marks]

"In a world of possessions, people will take"
 Balls, Balls will be lost always, the little boy
 And no one buys a ball back. Money is external."

- (a) Name the poem and the poet.
 (i) The Ball Poem, Leslie Norris (ii) Animals, John Berryman
 (iii) The Ball Poem, John Berryman (iv) Animals, Walt Whitman

- (b) Where did the boy lost the ball?
 (i) In the harbour water (ii) At the dockyard
 (iii) In the boat (iv) In the ground
- (c) The poet speaks of a ball as a symbol of:
 (i) wealth (ii) childhood memories
 (iii) property (iv) All of these
- (d) Why will no one buy a ball back?
 (i) There is no money to spare (ii) The ball was rarely found
 (iii) Lost things cannot be recovered (iv) Losses and gains are part of life
- (e) Which literary device is used here?
 (i) Personification (ii) Alliteration
 (iii) Imagery (iv) Illusion

OR

He stalks in his vivid stripes
 The few steps of his cage
 On pads of velvet quiet,
 In his quiet rage.

- (a) Who is 'he' here?
 (i) Tiger (ii) Human being
 (iii) Lion (iv) Dragon
- (b) How does 'he' walk?
 (i) Angrily (ii) Fiercely
 (iii) Steadily (iv) All of these
- (c) Which emotion does the tiger not express?
 (i) Pride (ii) Dissatisfaction
 (iii) Anger (iv) Both (ii) and (iii)
- (d) Where is the tiger now?
 (i) In the jungle (ii) In the zoo
 (iii) In the grassland (iv) In his den
- (e) Which literary device is used here?
 (i) Personification (ii) Repetition
 (iii) Imagery (iv) Allusion

GRAMMAR**[10 Marks]**

Q5. **Choose the correct options to complete the passage.** **[1 × 3 = 3 Marks]**

Our tongue (a) a lot of things. The (b) bumps on it called taste buds can differentiate between salty food and sweet food. The tongue (c) in chewing the food by moving to where our teeth can bite it.

- (a) (i) is doing (ii) do
 (iii) does (iv) had done
- (b) (i) less (ii) little
 (iii) few (iv) lesser
- (c) (i) is helping (ii) will be help
 (iii) has helped (iv) helps

Q6. Complete the dialogue by choosing the correct option. [1 × 3 = 3 Marks]

Udit : I'm really thrilled about joining my new school. I don't know (a) when I actually step in there.

Arun : Don't feel overexcited otherwise (b)

Udit : Tell me (c). there.

Arun : We shall reach there tomorrow morning my brother. Do you know what you will carry since the school is on a hill station?

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (a) (i) how shall I feel | (ii) what can I find |
| (iii) how I feel | (iv) what will I get |
| (b) (i) you might be nervous | (ii) you will get nervous |
| (iii) you will be nervousing | (iv) you shall become nervous |
| (c) (i) when may we reach | (ii) when shall we reach |
| (iii) how will we reach | (iv) why shall we reach |

Q7. Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct options for any four of the six sentences given below:

[1 × 4 = 4 Marks]

- (a) Wood on water.
- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| (i) floated | (ii) will float |
| (iii) floats | (iv) float |
- (b) Somebody to go and talk to her.
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| (i) have | (ii) were |
| (iii) has | (iv) will |
- (c) Talk to child separately.
- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| (i) these | (ii) some |
| (iii) each | (iv) few |
- (d) She asked him to give papaya and orange.
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (i) a; the | (ii) the; the |
| (iii) the; an | (iv) a; an |
- (e) The condition of these stairs not very good.
- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| (i) are | (ii) have |
| (iii) is | (iv) were |
- (f) You be hungry after all that walking.
- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| (i) may | (ii) must |
| (iii) need | (iv) can |

PART - B (40 MARKS)

WRITING

[10 Marks]

Q8. Attempt ANY ONE of the following in 100-120 words. [5 Marks]

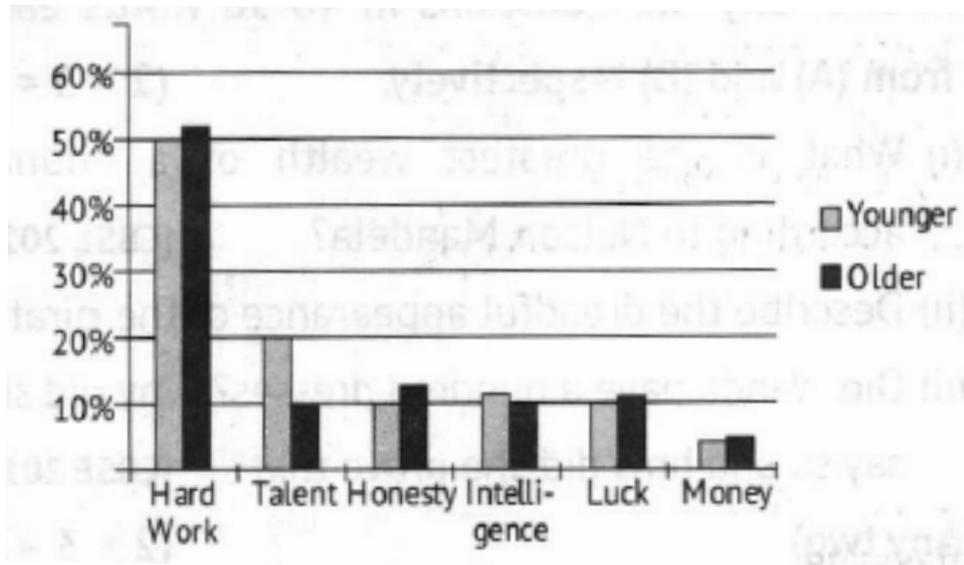
You are Aman/Amita, Blue Bells Public School, Delhi. Write a letter to UK Publishers, Pratap Vihar, Delhi to place an order for English to Hindi, encyclopedia, fiction books etc. for your school library. Request them for a catalogue, discount offered and other necessary details.

OR

You are Mohit/Mohini, a resident of 32/B, Ravi Nagar, Delhi. Last week, you came across an advertisement pertaining to city tour of Kerala and wish to avail it during the vacations. Write a letter of enquiry to the Tour Manager, Balaji Tours and Travels, Connaught Place, Delhi, enquiring about the itinerary for 7 children and 20 adult members.

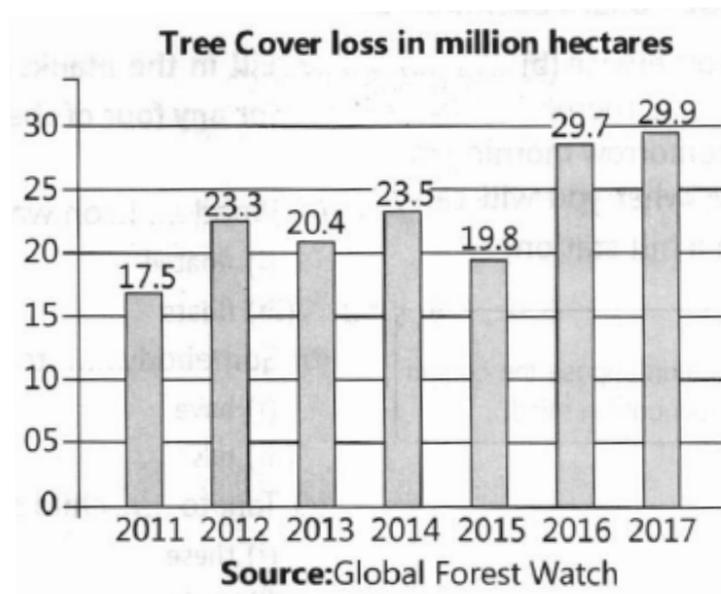
- Q9. The bar graph given below contains data related to the people’s opinion about their consideration for the most important factor for success. Write a paragraph in 100-120 words after observing the graph carefully and analysing; highlight the main features and make suitable comparisons. [5 Marks]

The Most Important Factor For Success



OR

The following bar graph gives information about the forest loss during 2011-2017 across the globe. The tree cover loss is given in terms of million hectares. Write a paragraph in 100-120 words after observing the bar graph carefully and analysing, highlight the main features and make suitable comparisons.



LITERATURE**[30 Marks]**

Q10. Answer ANY TWO questions in 20-30 words each, from (A) and (B) respectively. [$2 \times 4 = 8$]

(A) (any two)**[$2 \times 2 = 4$ Marks]**

- (i) How did Valli save money for her first bus journey?
- (ii) Why does the tiger ignore the visitors?
- (iii) What brought a sudden change in the poet of Dust of Snow?

(B) (any two)**[$2 \times 2 = 4$ Marks]**

- (i) What did Bill, The Hack Driver, say about Lutkins?
- (ii) Why do you think the tendency to show off becomes a curse for Matilda?
- (iii) What did Griffin, the scientist, do to escape after setting the fire to his landlord's house?

Q11. Answer ANY TWO questions in 40-50 words each, from (A) and (B) respectively. $3 \times 4 = 12$

(A) (any two)**[$3 \times 2 = 6$ Marks]**

- (i) What is the greatest wealth of a country according to Nelson Mandela?
- (ii) Describe the dreadful appearance of the pirate?
- (iii) Did Wanda have a hundred dresses? Why did she say so and how did she prove that?

(B) (any two)**[$3 \times 2 = 6$ Marks]**

- (i) How did Bholi's teacher play an important role in changing the course of her life?
- (ii) Hari Singh did not catch the train deliberately when he could catch it easily. Why?
- (iii) Why does Mrs. Pumphrey think the dog's recovery is "a triumph of surgery"?

Q12. Answer ANY ONE the following in 100-120 words: **[5 Marks]**

The story 'Madam Rides a Bus' has a lot of people talking in it. The conductor jokes and laughs with Valli, some passengers try to show their concern for her, and her mother and her aunt spends time chatting.

On the basis of your reading of the chapter, think of similar people or similar situations and write a dialogue based on an imaginary, event.

OR

Day in and day out people are becoming more and more callous and insensitive to the joys and all sufferings of the people around them. On the other hand Valli grieves the accidental death of the young cow. How does this make Valli a beacon of light for the society today?

Q13. Answer ANY ONE the following in 100-120 words: **[5 Marks]**

Why did Bholi at first agree to an unequal match? Why did she later reject the marriage? What does this tell us about her?

OR

Describe the contribution of his mother in Richard Ebright's life. What role did she play in making Ebright a scientist?

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